# **Comprehensive Socio-Economic Analysis Report**

### **A Comparative Study of Key Economic, Social, and Environmental Indicators Across Selected Countries**

#### **Countries Analysed:**

## **Australia, Canada, China, India, Russia, USA**

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## **Economic Overview**

* **The United States (USA)** has the highest GDP at $511.00 trillion USD, with the highest GDP per capita of $65,479.38.
* **China** comes second in terms of GDP, with $342.44 trillion USD, but a relatively low GDP per capita at $10,003.33.
* **Australia**, **Canada**, and **Russia** follow with moderate GDP levels, while **India** has a much lower GDP per capita ($2,105.86) compared to others.

## **Population and Growth**

* **China** and **India** dominate in population size, with **China** at 33,512.85 million and **India** at 32,919.90 million people.
* Population growth is relatively slow across most countries, with **China** experiencing the lowest growth at just 0.2975%, and **India** having the highest at 1.0033%.
* **Urban Population**: Australia and the USA are highly urbanised with over 80% of their populations living in urban areas. **India** remains the least urbanised with just 34.82%.

## **Tourism and International Visitors**

* **USA** is the leading country for international visitors with 1,923.84 million and the highest tourism revenue ($5,307.72 billion USD).
* **China** also receives a large number of visitors (1,544.98 million), generating $2,894.40 billion USD from tourism.
* **India** and **Russia** have lower visitor numbers, with **India** reporting only 263.21 million international visitors.

## **Healthcare and Life Expectancy**

* **The USA** spends the most on healthcare per capita at $10,959.21 USD, followed by **Australia** at $5,229.25 USD.
* **India** and **China** have much lower healthcare expenditures per capita, reflecting significant differences in healthcare systems.
* Life expectancy is highest in **Australia** (83.13 years) and **Canada** (82.45 years), while **India** has the lowest life expectancy at 69.35 years.

## **Agriculture and Employment**

* **India** leads in the percentage of agricultural land, with 60.08% of its land devoted to agriculture, followed by **China** (54.53%).
* **Australia** also has significant agricultural land at 52.86%, while **Canada** has the least (6.99%).
* **India** has the highest unemployment rate at 7.48%, while **China** enjoys one of the lowest rates (3.57%).

## **Labor Force and Crime**

* **Australia**, **Canada**, and the **USA** show a relatively high **labour force participation rate**, around 65%.
* **India** has the lowest labour force participation rate at 50.37%.
* **Crime Rate** is highest in **Australia** at 899.51 crimes per 100,000 people, while **China** has the lowest crime rate (100.11 per 100,000).

## **Governance and Freedom**

* **Australia** scores highest on the **Corruption Perception Index** (77.08), indicating lower corruption, while **Russia** scores lowest (29.85), indicating higher levels of perceived corruption.
* **Freedom of Press** is greatest in **Canada** (15.78), while **China** has the least press freedom (177.74).
* **Voting Participation** is highest in **Australia** at 92.08%, reflecting strong democratic engagement.

## **Key Insights and Comparisons**

1. **The USA** leads economically, with high GDP, tourism revenue, and healthcare spending, while maintaining a low unemployment rate and high urbanisation.
2. **China** has a vast population but lower GDP per capita and healthcare expenditure, though it remains a tourism giant.
3. **India** has significant challenges in healthcare, unemployment, and rural population, though it excels in agricultural land and population growth.
4. **Australia** stands out with its high quality of life, reflected in high life expectancy, urbanisation, and healthcare spending, while balancing a significant agricultural sector.